The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in

the application.

**Listing of Claims:** 

Claim 1 (original): A cantilever-type impeller that connects with a motor

component to form a centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and

other small devices, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the

fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-component side of

the fan motor being defined along the impeller rotational axis, the impeller

comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for

receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed in association with the rotational force

transmission portion, for structuring a wall; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end

being fixed outer-marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and

each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an

opening at the impeller upper end, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such

that given that 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller

blade unit and h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, the

relationships  $2r \le h$  and  $r \le 12.5$  mm are satisfied.

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Claim 2 (original): A cantilever-type impeller according to claim 1, wherein the relationship  $r \le 5$  mm is satisfied.

Claim 3 (original): A cantilever-type impeller according to claim 1, wherein at the upper end opening of said impeller blade unit the blades at their inside corners are beveled at least partially in an arcuate contour.

Claim 4 (original): A cantilever type impeller according to claim 1, being at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 5 (original): A centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and other small devices, the fan motor including an impeller, and a motor component having a rotary section, a stationary section and a bearing, the bearing supporting the rotary section rotatably against the stationary section for rotation about the motor rotational axis, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-component side of the fan motor being defined along the motor rotational axis, said impeller connected with the rotary section and comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to said rotational force transmission portion, for structuring a wall; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end being fixed outer-marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an opening at the impeller upper end, and rotation of said impeller blade unit therein generating an airflow streaming along the rotational axis through the opening and towards said lower endwall on its upper surface, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such that wherein 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller blade unit and h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, the relationships  $2r \le h$  and  $r \le 12.5$  mm are satisfied.

Claim 6 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 5, wherein the relationship  $r \le 5$  mm is satisfied.

**Claim 7 (original):** A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 5, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 5000$  rpm holds, n representing the motor rotational speed.

**Claim 8 (original):** A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 5, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 10,000$  rpm holds, n representing motor rotational speed.

Claim 9 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 8, wherein said impeller is at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 10 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein the total length of said motor component and said impeller along the rotational axis is less than 100 mm.

Claim 11 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein the total length of said motor component and said impeller along the rotational axis is less than 70 mm.

Claim 12 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

**Claim 13 (withdrawn):** A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 14 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 15 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein: said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core unit and coil windings and being disposed axially between said pair of the bearing units.

Claim 16 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein the lower endwall portion along its undersurface on the motor-component side, together with a component being linked to said lower endwall portion, is fixed directly to said bearing.

Claim 17 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein the lower endwall portion along its undersurface on the motor component side, together with a component being linked to said lower endwall portion, is fixed to said bearing via a bearing holder.

Claim 18 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, further comprising a component linked to said lower endwall portion and directly fixed to said bearing.

Claim 19 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, further comprising a component linked to said lower endwall portion and fixed to said bearing via a bearing holder.

Claim 20 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein the lower endwall portion and a portion of said impeller aligned therewith form an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 21 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein a portion of said impeller aligned with the lower endwall portion forms an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 22 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein: said bearing includes a pair of bearing units, each bearing unit having an inner race and an outer race;

the stationary section of said motor component includes a shaft to which the inner races of said bearing are fixed; and

the rotary section of the motor component includes a rotor holder fixed to the outer races of the bearing.

Claim 23 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein:

the rotary section of the motor component includes a rotor holder encompassing the rotary section; and

said rotational force transmission portion encloses and is fixed to the circumferential surface of said rotor holder.

Claim 24 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said rotational force transmission portion encloses at least part of the circumferential periphery of the rotary section.

Claim 25 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein:

the rotary section of said motor component includes a rotor holder made of magnetic material;

a rotor magnet is fixed to the inner circumferential surface of said rotor holder; and

said rotational force transmission portion encloses at least part of the circumferential periphery of the rotary section.

Claim 26 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 27 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 28 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 29 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 30 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 31 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 32 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein:

said bearing is formed by a slide bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core

and coil windings both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said

bearing.

Claim 33 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein:

said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core

and coil windings, both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said

bearing.

Claim 34 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein at

the upper end opening of said impeller blade unit the blades at their inside corners

are beveled at least partially in an arcuate contour.

Claim 35 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 9, wherein:

the stationary section includes a stator having a core and coil windings; and

the rotary section includes

a shaft,

a shaft-retaining portion into which one end of said shaft is fixed, said

shaft-retaining portion being formed integrally with, so as also to constitute,

the lower endwall portion of said impeller,

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a rotor holder fixed to an outer-marginal part of the shaft retaining portion either non-permanently or by means of an adhesive, crimping or welding, and

a rotor magnet fixed to and retained by an inner portion of the rotor holder, an inner portion of the rotor magnet radially opposing an outer portion of the stator across a small gap.

Claim 36 (original): A cantilever-type impeller that connects with a motor component to form a centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and other small devices, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-component side of the fan motor being defined along the impeller rotational axis, the impeller comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to the rotational force transmission portion, the lower endwall portion therein configuring a wall surface; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end being fixed outer-marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an opening at the impeller upper end, and rotation of said impeller blade unit therein generating an airflow streaming along the rotational axis through the opening and

towards said lower endwall on its upper surface, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such that given that 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller blade unit, h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, and  $\alpha$  represents a parameter, the relationships  $2\pi rh = \alpha \pi r^2$ ,  $4 \le \alpha \le 40$ , and  $r \le 12.5$  mm are satisfied.

Claim 37 (original): A cantilever-type impeller according to claim 36, wherein the relationship  $r \le 5$  mm is satisfied.

Claim 38 (original): A cantilever-type impeller according to claim 36, wherein at the upper end opening of said impeller blade unit the blades at their inside corners are beveled at least partially in an arcuate contour.

Claim 39 (original): A cantilever type impeller according to claim 36, being at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 40 (original): A centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and other small devices, the fan motor including an impeller, and a motor component having a rotary section, a stationary section and a bearing, the bearing supporting the rotary section rotatably against the stationary section for rotation about the motor rotational axis, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-

component side of the fan motor being defined along the motor rotational axis, said impeller connected with the rotary section and comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to said rotational force transmission portion, for structuring a wall; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end being fixed outer-marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an opening at the impeller upper end, and rotation of said impeller blade unit therein generating an airflow streaming along the rotational axis through the opening and towards said lower endwall on its upper surface, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such that given that 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller blade unit, h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, and  $\alpha$  represents a parameter, the relationships  $2\pi rh = \alpha \pi r^2$ ,  $4 \le \alpha \le 40$ , and  $r \le 12.5$  mm are satisfied.

Claim 41 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 40, wherein the relationship  $r \le 5$  mm is satisfied.

Claim 42 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 40, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 5000$  rpm holds, n representing the motor rotational speed.

Claim 43 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 40, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 10,000$  rpm holds, n representing motor rotational speed.

Claim 44 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 43, wherein said impeller is at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 45 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein the total length of said motor component and said impeller along the rotational axis is less than 100 mm.

Claim 46 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 47 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 48 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 49 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein:

said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units; and
the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core
unit and coil windings and being disposed axially between said pair of the bearing
units.

Claim 50 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein the lower endwall portion and a portion of said impeller aligned therewith form an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 51 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein a portion of said impeller aligned with the lower endwall portion forms an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 52 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said rotational force transmission portion encloses and is fixed to the circumferential surface of said rotor holder.

Claim 53 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 54 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 55 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 56 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 57 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 58 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 59 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein: said bearing is formed by a slide bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core and coil windings, both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said bearing.

Claim 60 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 44, wherein: said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core and coil windings, both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said bearing.

Claim 61 (currently amended): A cantilever-type impeller according to claim

36, wherein that connects with a motor component to form a centrifugal fan motor for
cooling portable electronic devices and other small devices, an impeller upper end

corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor component side of the fan motor being defined along the impeller rotational axis, the impeller comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to the rotational force transmission portion, the lower endwall portion therein configuring a wall surface; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end being fixed outer marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an opening at the impeller upper end, and rotation of said impeller blade unit therein generating an airflow streaming along the rotational axis through the opening and towards said lower endwall on its upper surface, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such that given that 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller blade unit, h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, and  $\alpha$  represents a parameter, the relationships  $2\pi rh = \alpha \pi r^2$ ,  $5 \le \alpha \le 35$ , and  $r \le 12.5$  mm are satisfied.

Claim 62 (cancelled)

Claim 63 (cancelled)

Claim 64 (original): A cantilever-type impeller that connects with a motor component to form a centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and

other small devices, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-component side of the fan motor being defined along the impeller rotational axis, the impeller comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to the rotational force transmission portion, the lower endwall portion therein configuring a wall surface; and

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Claim 65 (original): A cantilever type impeller according to claim 64, wherein at the upper end opening of said impeller blade unit the blades at their inside corners are beveled at least partially in an arcuate contour.

Claim 66 (original): A cantilever type impeller according to claim 64, being at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 67 (original): A centrifugal fan motor for cooling portable electronic devices and other small devices, the fan motor including an impeller, and a motor component having a rotary section, a stationary section and a bearing, the bearing supporting the rotary section rotatably against the stationary section for rotation about the motor rotational axis, an impeller upper end corresponding to the impeller side of the fan motor and an impeller lower end corresponding to the motor-component side of the fan motor being defined along the motor rotational axis, said impeller connected with the rotary section and comprising:

a rotational force transmission portion provided on the impeller lower end, for receiving driving force from the motor component;

a lower endwall portion fixed correspondingly to said rotational force transmission portion, for structuring a wall; and

an impeller blade unit having plural blades, each of the blades at its lower end being fixed outer-marginally to the upper surface of the lower endwall portion and each of the blades extending axially to its upper end, the blades together defining an opening at the impeller upper end, and rotation of said impeller blade unit therein generating an airflow streaming along the rotational axis through the opening and towards said lower endwall on its upper surface, said impeller blade unit being dimensioned such that given that 2r represents the diameter to the outer circumference of the impeller blade unit, h represents the axial height of the impeller blade unit, Z represents the number of blades in the impeller blade unit, d represents the thickness of the blade unit, and  $\beta$  represents a parameter, the relationships  $2\pi r \epsilon h$  $=\beta\pi r^2$ ,  $3 \le \beta \le 30$ ,  $2r \le h$ , and  $r \le 12.5$  mm, wherein  $\varepsilon = (2\pi r - Zd)/2\pi r$ , are satisfied.

Claim 68 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 67, wherein the relationship  $r \le 5$  mm is satisfied.

Claim 69 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 67, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 5000$  rpm holds, n representing the motor rotational speed.

Claim 70 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 67, wherein the relationship  $n \ge 10,000$  rpm holds, n representing motor rotational speed.

Claim 71 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 70, wherein said impeller is at least partially made of a liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiberreinforced liquid crystal polymer, a glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, a carbon-fiber and glass-fiber-reinforced liquid crystal polymer, soft iron, stainless steel, aluminum, or ceramic.

Claim 72 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein the total length of said motor component and said impeller along the rotational axis is less than 100 mm.

Claim 73 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 74 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 75 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the axial separation between said pair of bearing units.

Claim 76 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein:

said bearing includes a pair of axially separated bearing units; and the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core unit and coil windings and being disposed axially between said pair of the bearing units.

Claim 77 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein the lower endwall portion and a portion of said impeller aligned therewith form an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 78 (withdrawn): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein a portion of said impeller aligned with the lower endwall portion forms an upper wall of said motor component.

Claim 79 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said rotational force transmission portion encloses at least part of the circumferential periphery of the rotary section.

Claim 80 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 81 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.5 < h/m < 3.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 82 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 83 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 1.0 < h/m < 4.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 84 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a slide bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 85 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing, and the relationship 0.5 < h/m < 5.0 holds, m representing the bearing span axially.

Claim 86 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein: said bearing is formed by a slide bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core and coil windings, both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said bearing.

Claim 87 (original): A centrifugal fan motor according to claim 71, wherein: said bearing is formed by a fluid dynamic bearing; and

the stationary section of said motor component includes a stator having a core and coil windings, both sides of said stator being located within the axial span of said bearing.